# 802.11ax

#### What I have learned so far

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## Training Agenda

- 802.11ac vs 802.11ax
- What is an 802.11ax PPDU ?
- What is OFDMA ? And how it differs from OFDM ?
- OFDM/CSMA vs OFDM/OFDMA
- Uplink-OFDMA and Downlink OFDMA
- SU-MIMO vs MU-MIMO
- 802.11ac Downlink MU-MIMO vs 802.11ax Downlink MU-MIMO
- BSS Coloring and Spatial Reuse.
- Target Wait Time (TWT)
- What is an AP Scheduler ? And why is it important ?

### 802.11ac vs 802.11ax

|                           | Legacy feature  | New 802.11ax features                            |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| PHY                       |   |  |  |
| Spectrum                  | up to 40 MHz at 2.4 (11n), up to 160 MHz at 5 GHz (11ac), | up to 40 MHz at 2.4, up to 160 MHz at 5 GHz      |  |
|                           | or up to 16 MHz at 0.9 GHz (11ah)                         |  |  |
| OFDM Constellation Order  | 256-QAM (11ac)  | 1024-QAM   |  |
| OFDM Symbol duration      | 3.2 µs  | 12.8 µs  |  |
| OFDM Guard Interval       | 0.4 or $0.8 \mu s$ (10 or 20% overhead)                   | 0.8, 1.6 or $3.2 \mu s$ (5, 10 or 20% overhead)  |  |
| MIMO Order                | 4 (11n), 8 (11ac)   | 8  |  |
| Maximal Data Rate         | $\approx$ 7 Gbps  | $\approx 9.6 \text{ Gbps}$                       |  |
|                           | Channel Access  |  |  |
| Basic channel access      | CSMA/CA   | OFDMA on top of CSMA/CA                          |  |
| Random Channel Access     | DCF, EDCA   | UL OFDMA Random Access on top of CSMA/CA         |  |
| Contention-free Access    | PCF, HCCA (not implemented in real devices), RAW (11ah)   | Trigger-based UL OFDMA                           |  |
| MU Technology             | MU-MIMO (11ac)  | MU-MIMO, OFDMA                                   |  |
| MU transmission direction | DL (11ac)   | DL and UL  |  |
| Fragmentation             | Static  | Flexible   |  |
| Aggregation               | A-MSDU, A-MPDU (11n) without fragmentation                | A-MPDU, A-MSDU with Fragmentation                |  |
| HE/Legacy Fairness        |   | 2 EDCA Parameter Sets                            |  |
|                           | OBSS Management   |  |  |
| Interference Mitigation   | NAV, RTC/CTS, HCCA TXOP Negotiation                       | Two NAVs, Quiet Period                           |  |
| Spatial Reuse             | Sectorization (11ah)                                      | Adaptive Power and Sensitivity Thresholds, Color |  |
| Power Management          |   |  |  |
| Power Management          | Many  | Enhanced TWT, Enhanced Microsleep                |  |

| MCS | Modulation | Coding rate |
|-----|------------|-------------|
| 0   | BPSK       | 1/2         |
| 1   | QPSK       | 1/2         |
| 2   | QPSK       | 3/4         |
| 3   | 16QAM      | 1/2         |
| 4   | 16QAM      | 3/4         |
| 5   | 64QAM      | 2/3         |
| 6   | 64QAM      | 3/4         |
| 7   | 64QAM      | 5/6         |
| 8   | 256QAM     | 3/4         |
| 9   | 256QAM     | 5/6         |
| 10  | 1024QAM    | 3/4         |
| 11  | 1024QAM    | 5/6         |



802.11ax



Subcarrier spacing 78.125 kHz 256\* subcarriers in a 20 MHz channel

802.11ac



64\* subcarriers in a 20 MHz channel \* Not all usable



Symbol duration 12.8 usec With 0.8, 1.6 or 3.2 usec cyclic prefix



Symbol duration 3.2 usec With 0.4 or 0.8 usec cyclic prefix



20 MHz channel showing 234 data subcarriers



20 MHz channel showing 52 data subcarriers

## **PPDU** Format

| Field    | Description                  |
|----------|------------------------------|
| L-STF    | legacy short training field  |
| L-LTF    | legacy long training field   |
| L-SIG    | legacy signal field          |
| RL-SIG   | repeated legacy signal field |
| HE-SIG-A | HE signal A field            |
| HE-SIG-B | HE signal B field            |
| HE-STF   | HE short training field      |
| HE-LTF   | HE long training field       |
| Data     | data                         |
| PE       | packet extension field       |
| GI       | guard interval               |
| LTS      | legacy training sequence     |
|          |                              |

NON\_HT (Legacy) (NON HT = SISO only) symbol 4 µs symbol 8 µs symbol 8 µs 1-4 data HT-LTFs Extension HT-LTFs HT-SIG HT-STF HT-LTF 8 µs symbol 4 µs 8 µs symbol 4 µs mbol 8 µs 4 µs symbol 4 µs /mbol 4 µs tymbol 4 µs  $\sim$ 1 to 3 data HT-LTFs Extension HT-LTFs HT-LTF HT-LTF



symbol 4 µs

symbol 8 µs

HT MF

HT GF

symbol 8 µs



11a

11g

11p

11j



- For UL and DL SU and UL MU transmission, all the necessary information is found in the HE-SIG-A field.
- The SIG-B field contains all the necessary information for MU transmission, DL MU-MIMO, DL OFDMA, and DL OFDMA in MU-MIMO
- PE (Packet Extension) is padding added to give receiver with low processing power more time to reply with ACK with in a SIFS time.



## OFDM/CSMA vs OFDM/OFDMA



Contention Frames · Each frame is transmitted across the whole channel width. Each transmit opportunity requires contention, losing spectral efficiency. · Low-rate transmissions can block the Frequency channel for others, increasing latency OFDM and jitter. Time + Contention Frames • As each transmit opportunity can be shared across a number of frames, there is less contention overhead. Low data-rate traffic can reduce its contention and header overhead. • Traffic requiring lower latency or jitter can be allocated more frequent transmit Frequency OFDMA

opportunities.

Time -



## OFDMA RU Mapping









| RU type             | CBW20        | CBW40        | CBW80        | CBW160 and CBW80+80 |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| 26-subcarrier RU    | 9            | 18           | 37           | 74                  |
| 52-subcarrier RU    | 4            | 8            | 16           | 32                  |
| 106-subcarrier RU   | 2            | 4            | 8            | 16                  |
| 242-subcarrier RU   | 1-SU/MU-MIMO | 2            | 4            | 8                   |
| 484-subcarrier RU   | N/A          | 1-SU/MU-MIMO | 2            | 4                   |
| 996-subcarrier RU   | N/A          | N/A          | 1-SU/MU-MIMO | 2                   |
| 2x996 subcarrier RU | N/A          | N/A          | N/A          | 1-SU/MU-MIMO        |

#### **OFDMA** in Action



UL OFDMA

In DL OFDMA, not all STAs may have the same data load to keep all symbols the same length, padding is added. Even though this reduces efficiency, it helps with backward compatibility with legacy clients' carrier sensing

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**DL OFDMA** 



## UL-OFDMA : Packet Capture

| ) Frame 202: 142 bytes on wire (1136 bits), 142 bytes captured (1136 bits) on interface moni5a, id 0<br>b Bridistry Bracht 20  | <ul> <li>✓ User Info</li> <li>✓ User Info</li> <li>✓ User Info</li> <li>✓ User Info</li> </ul>   | ^     |
|--|--|-------|
| > RealDeap Requery vo, Length /4<br>> 882.11 radio information   |  |       |
| VIEEE 802.11 Trigger, Flags:   |  |       |
| Type/Subtype: Trigger (0x0012)<br>> Frame Control Field: 0x2400  |  |       |
| .001 0001 0011 1110 = Duration: 4414 microseconds  |  |       |
| Receiver address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)  |  |       |
| Transmitter address: Technico_2d:3b:95 (a4:56:cc:2d:3b:95)   |  |       |
| <ul> <li>Common Info</li> <li>HE Trigger Common Info: 0xffc00011f89eca00</li> </ul>  | .100 0001 = Target RSSI: -45dBm  |       |
|  | 0  |       |
|  | ✓ Basic Trigger Dependent User Info: 0x04  |       |
|  | $\dots \dots \partial \theta = MPU$ mu sparng factor: $\theta$   |       |
| 11   |  |       |
|  | 00 = Preferred AC: AC_BE (0x0)   |       |
|  | > User Info: 0x4620184015  |       |
|  | > Basic Irigger Dependent User Into: 0x04  |       |
| = LDPC Extra Symbol Segment: True  | - 054 14/01 0512010000   |       |
|  | = RU Allocation Region: secondary 80MHz channel for 80+80 and 160MHz   |       |
|  | 1000 001 = RU Allocation: 65 (484 tones)   |       |
|  |  |       |
| 111 111 11   |  |       |
| 1 e Reserved: 0x1  |  |       |
| v User Info  |  |       |
| > User Into: 0x4120082017  | .011 1111  |       |
| > User Info: 8x4628184015  | Sasic Trigger Dependent User Info: 0x04  |       |
| > Basic Trigger Dependent User Info: 0x04  |  |       |
| > User Info: 0x3f20183019  | 0 01 = TID Aggregation Limit: 1  |       |
| > Basic inigger Dependent User Info: 0x04<br>> User Tnfo: 0x345118500f   | $\dots$ = Reserved: $0 \times 0$   |       |
| > Basic Trigger Dependent User Info: 0x04 Irigger Frame: Basic Trigger   | > User Info (0.4572) Trigger Frame: Basic Tri  | igger |
|  | > Basic Trigger Dependent User Info: 0x04  | 5801  |
| > Frame 7758: 120 bytes on wire (960 bits), 120 bytes captured (960 bits) on interface moni5a, id 0  | v Per AID TID Info: 0x17   | ^     |
| > Radiotap Header V9, Length /4  | ~ A10 110 Into: 62601/<br>A00 0001 0111 - ATD11- 02017   |       |
| y operation of the second seco |  |       |
| Type/Subtype: 802.11 Block Ack (0x0019)  | 0000 = TID: 0x0  |       |
| > Frame Control Field: 0x9400  | Block Ack Starting Sequence Control (SSC): 0x7710  |       |
| .000 0000 0000 = Duration: 0 microseconds  |  |       |
| Receiver address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)   | 0111 0111 0001 = Starting Sequence Number: 1905  |       |
| • Multi-STA Blockack Response  | Missing frame: 1949  |       |
| V BIOCK ACK CONCIOI: 0X0016  | Missing frame: 1950  |       |
|  | Missing frame: 1951  |       |
|  | Missing frame: 1952  |       |
| 0000 000 = Reserved: 0x00  | Missing frame: 1953  |       |
| ✓ Per AID TID Info: 8x17   | Missing frame: 1955  |       |
| <ul> <li>AID TID Info: 0x0017</li> </ul>   | Missing frame: 1956  |       |
| 000 0001 0111 = AID11: 0x017   | Missing frame: 1957  |       |
| 0 = Ack Type: 0x0  | Missing frame: 1958  |       |
| 0000 TD: 0x0   | Missing frame: 1959  |       |
| V BLOCK ACK STARTING Sequence Control (SSC): 0X7/10<br>0000 - Frazman  | Missing frame: 1960<br>Michae frame: 1961  |       |
| 011 011 0001 = Starting Sequence Number: 1905  | Missing frame: 1962  |       |
| > Block Ack Bitmap: ffffffffffffffffffffffffffff   | Missing frame: 1963  |       |
| ✓ Per AID TID Info: 0xf  | Missing frame: 1964  |       |
| AID TID Info: 0x000f   | Missing frame: 1965  |       |
|  | Missing frame: 1966  |       |
|  | Missing frame: 190/  |       |
| ✓ Block Ack Starting Sequence Control (SSC): 0x9a40  | ✓ Per AID ID Info: 0xf   |       |
| 0000 = Fragment: 0   | ✓ AID TID Info: 0x000f   |       |
| 1001 1010 0100 = Starting Sequence Number: 2468  | 000 0000 1111 = AID11: 0x00f   |       |
| > Block Ack Bitmap: fffffffffffff0000  | 0 = Ack Type: 0x0  |       |
| Frame cneck sequence: two tavado ¿ (unveritied)<br>[ECS Status: Invertified] Mijiti CTA BlockAck Bachaosa  | eeee   | onse  |
| Wait-STA BIOCKACK RESPONSE   | DUCK AKK Ster Ling Sequence Control (SSL): 0X9349     Month Office Control (SSL): 0X9349 |       |

#### SU-MIMO vs MU-MIMO



The main key to MU-MIMO is Beamforming . Beamforming is used to create nulls in the Antenna pattern to help separate the data streams in space.

## 802.11ac Beamforming / DL MU-MIMO



### VHT MU-MIMO : Packet Capture

| MU-MIMO_VHT.pcapng  | - 🗆 X  | > Frame 23: 85 bytes on wire (680 bits), 85 bytes captured (680 bits) on interface monilla, id 0   |                |
|---|--|--|----------------|
| File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Hel   | lp   | > Radiotap Header v0, Length 56  |                |
|   |  | > 802.11 radio information   |                |
|   |  | Type/Subtype: VHT/HE NDP Announcement (0x0015)   |                |
| Apply a display filter <ctrl-></ctrl->  | ▼ +  | > Ename Control Field: 8x5480  |                |
| No. Time Source Destination Protocol  | Length Info  | .000 0000 0110 0100 = Duration: 100 microseconds   |                |
| 19 0.004717389 IntelCor_84:7a:e7 ( 802.11   | 70 Clear-to-send, Flags=C  | Receiver address: Broadcast (+t:+t:+t:+t:+t)<br>Transmitten address: Tachnica 2d:3b:s5 (44:56:cc:2d:3b:95)   |                |
| 20 0.004881897 IntelCor 84:7a:e7 Shenzhen a7:e2 802.11  | 1622 QoS Data, SN=2224, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   | inalismatter aduless. retinite_20.50.59 (44.50.50.20.50.59)  |                |
| 21 0.004884033 IntelCor 84:7a:e7 Shenzhen a7:e2 802.11  | 1622 OoS Data, SN=2225, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   | <pre>STA list</pre>  |                |
| 22 0.004885662 Technico 2d:3h:95 (  | 88 802.11 Block Ack, Elags=C   | ~ STA 0  |                |
| 23 0.005020331 Technico 2d:3b:95 ( Broadcast (ff:ff:ff. 802.11  | 85 VHT/HE NDP Announcement, Flags=C  | 0000 0001 1011 = AID12: 0x01b  |                |
| 24 0 005021701 WI AN  | 62 Radiotan Canture v0 Length 62   | 201 - Ne Tradex 2 (1)  |                |
| 25 0 005170520 IntelCor 84:7a:e7 Technico 2d:3h:05 802 11   | 2557 Action No Ack SN-178 EN-0 Elarc-  | 501  |                |
| 25 0.005170520 IntelCol_04.74.67 Technico_24.56.55 002.11   | 77 Boomforming Bonont Doll Eloge   | 0000 0001 1010 = AID12: 0x01a  |                |
| 27 0 005250250 Technico_20.55.55 ( Intercor_57.55.14 ( 802.11   | JEET Action No Ack SN-3E2 EN-0 Elago   | 1 = Feedback Type: MU feedback requested   |                |
| 27 0.0055555244 Intercol_87.50.14 Technico_20.50.55 802.11  | 77 Reamforming Report Poll Elage   | 001 = Nc Index: 2 (1)  |                |
| 28 0.005458555 Technico_20.55.55 ( Intercol_85.50.00 ( 802.11   | 2007 Action No Ack CN-216 CN-0 Class-  | < SIA 2<br>2000 2001 2100 - ATR12- 0x010   |                |
| 29 0.005654069 Intercor_89.50.00 Technico_20.50.95 802.11   | 2357 ACCION NO ACK, SN=210, FN=0, Flags=   | odd odd i dd - Feddack Type: MU feedback requested   |                |
| 30 0.005692185 Technico_20:30:95 ( Intercor_87:38:19 ( 802.11   | // Beamforming Report Poll, Flags=   | 001 N. Index: 2 (1)  |                |
| 51 0.0058/0480 Intercor_8/:88:19 Fechnico_20:30:95 802.11   | ZODY ACTION NO ACK, SWEZZY, FNEO, FIAgs=   | ~ STA 3  |                |
| 32 0.00596289/ INTELLOR_8/:5b:t4 ( Jechnico_2d:3b:95 ( 802.11   | /o kequest-to-send, Flags=t  | 0000 0000 1010 = AID12: 0x00a  |                |
| 33 0.006030234 IntelCor_87:55:+4 ( 802.11   | /0 Clear-to-send, Flags=C  | ent electrolack ippe: MU feedback requested  |                |
| 34 0.006452834 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 1622 QoS Data, SN=611, FN=0, Flags=.pTC  | Frame check sequence: 0xe05d5f [unverified]  |                |
| 35 0.006460751 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 1622 QoS Data, SN=612, FN=0, Flags=.pTC  | [FCS Status: Unverified]   |                |
| 36 0.006463182 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 1622 QoS Data, SN=613, FN=0, Flags=.pTC  |  |                |
| 37 0.006464565 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 174 QoS Data, SN=614, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   |  |                |
| 38 0.006465787 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 174 QoS Data, SN=615, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   |  |                |
| 39 0.006467319 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 174 QoS Data, SN=616, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   |  | _              |
| 40 0.006468107 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 174 QoS Data, SN=617, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   | VHT NDP Announ   | cement Frame   |
| 41 0.006469113 IntelCor_87:5b:f4 Shenzhen_a7:e2 802.11  | 174 QoS Data, SN=618, FN=0, Flags=.pTC   |  |                |
| <pre>&gt; Find 21. 239 bytes of Harte (2005 0153, 239 bytes captures (2005 011 &gt; Radictap Header VA, Hart Files &gt; Recive Advection No Acks (1980000 - Files Contest Califormation - Type/Subtype: Action No Acks (1980000 - Receiver address: Technico_2d1905 (ad:56:cc:2d130:95) Destination address: Technico_2d1905 (ad:56:cc:2d130:95) Destination address: IntelCon_94:7a:e7 (50:e085:94:7a:e7) Source address: IntelCon_94:7a:e7 (50:e085:94:7a:e7) Source address: IntelCon_94:7a:e7 (50:e085:94:7a:e7) Source address: SintelCon_94:7a:e7 (50:e085:94:7a:e7) Source address: IntelCon_94:7a:e7 (50:e085:94:7a:e7) BSS Id: Technico_2d195:95 (ad:56:cc:2d130:95)</pre> | Channel Width: 80 MHz, Grouping (Ng): 1 (No Grouping), Feedback Type: MU<br>9e11080c5a3739fba1c9e110b0c56333a01a25c<br>fff0f0f0f0f0f0f0f0f0f0f0fffad8dbdfffffffff. | <pre>&gt; Radictsp Header v0, Length 55 &gt; 802.11 readio information  /// FFE 80.11 Reamforming Report Poll (0x6014) /// Frame Control Field: 0x4040</pre> |                |
|   | Action Frame : Beamforming Feedback STA1   | Beamforming Re   | port Poll STA2 |

## 802.11ax Beamforming / DL MU-MIMO



## HE MU-MIMO : Packet Capture

| > Frame 85: 93 bytes on wire (744 bits), 93 bytes captured (744 bits) on interface monilla, id 0 > Radjotap Header V0. Length 56   | > Frame 87: 156 bytes on wire (1248 bits), 156 bytes captured (1248 bits) on interface monilla, id 0<br>> Radiotap Header V0, Length 56  |
|--|--|
| > 802.11 radio information   | > 802.11 radio information   |
| ✓ IEEE 802.11 VHT/HE NDP Announcement. Flags:C   | Y ICCC 802.11 Trigger, Flogs:  |
| Type/Subtype: VHT/HE NDP Announcement (0x0015)   | Type/Subtype: Trigger (0x0012)   |
| Prame Control Field: 0X5400  | 200 Page 1011 0110 - Puriting 274 microsconds  |
| . to be obtained by the second s | Receiver address: Roadcast (friftiftiftiftiftift)  |
| Transmitter address: Technico 2d:3b:95 (a4:56:cc:2d:3b:95)   | Transmitter address: Technico 2d:3b:95 (a4:56:cc:2d:3b:95)   |
| ✓ Sounding Dialog Token: 0x5e  | ✓ Common Info  |
| 0 = Reserved: 0x0  | HE Trigger Common Info: 0x00000012192a0d61   |
| 1. = HE: HE NDP Announcement frame   | 0001 = Trigger Type: Beamforming Report Poll (BRP) (1)   |
| 0101 11 = Sounding Dialog Token Number: 23   |  |
|  |  |
| > STA Info: 0x38900014   |  |
| ~ STA 1  | 10   |
| > STA Info: 0x38900018   |  |
| ~ STA 2  |  |
| > STA Info: 0x38900008   |  |
|  |  |
| Frame check sequence: 8x9b683069 [unverified]  |  |
| [FCS Status: Unverified]   | Packet Extension: PE disambiguity & pre-FEC padding factor of 4  |
|  | - Donner False   |
|  |  |
|  | 0 = Reserved: 0x0  |
|  | ✓ User Info  |
|  | > User Info: 0x4500f7a014  |
|  | Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0xff   |
|  | > User Info: 0x450137c018  |
|  | Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0xff   |
|  | Seafact Service State St |
| HE NDP Announcement Fram   | Irigger : Beamforming Report Poll  |
|  | Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0xff   |
| Type/Subtype: Trigger (0x0012)<br>> Frame Control Field: 0x2400  | Type/Subtype: Trigger (0x0012)       > Frame Control Field: 0x2400   |
| .000 0001 0111 0110 = Duration: 374 microseconds   | .000 0001 0111 0110 = Duration: 374 microseconds   |
| Receiver address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)  | Receiver address: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)  |
| Iransmitter address: Iechnico_2d:3b:95 (a4:5b:cc:2d:3b:95)   | Transmitter address: Technico_2d:3b:95 (a4:56:cc:2d:3b:95)   |
| > HE Trigger Common Info: 0x00000012192a0d61   | > HE Tripper Common Info: 0x00000012192a0d61   |
| ✓ User Info  | v User Info  |
| ~ User Info: 0x4500f7a014  | > User Info: 0x4500f7a014  |
|  | Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0xff   |
| $\begin{array}{cccc} \bullet & \bullet $   | > User Into: 0x49013/c018  |
|  | reedudak segment netransmission bilmap: extr   |
|  | 0000 0000 1000 = AID12: 0X008  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 0  |  |
| Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0xff   |  |
| ✓ User Info: 0x450137c018  |  |
|  | .100 0101 Target RSSI: -41dBm  |
| 0 RU Allocation Region: Not used for 20, 40 or 80MHz   | 0 = Reserved: 0x0  |
|  | FeedDack Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0xt+   |
|  | 9999 9991 1011 = ATD12: 0x91b  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| .100 0101 = Target RSSI: -41dBm  |  |
| o  |  |
| > User Info: 0x4500/7e008  | 900. Number Of Spatial Streams 1   |
| Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 8xff   | 100 0101   |
| > User Info: 0x450138001b IIIgget . BedInforming Report PC   | 0 = Reserved: 0x0 IIIgger: Beamforming Report POIL   |
| Feedback Segment Retransmission Ritman: Avff   |  |
| recover segment rectansmission branch, own   | Feedback Segment Retransmission Bitmap: 0x++   |

## **BSS Coloring and Spatial Reuse**





## TWT (Target Wait Time)



- TWT was adopt by the 802.11ax TaskGroup to help integrate IoT into the WiFi Ecosystem.
- TWT allows a requesting STA (IoT device) to negotiate with a responding STA (AP) a service period SP.
- During the service period a STA can wake, exchange data with the AP and then go back to sleep.
- Sleep and service periods are independent of the beacon interval unlike legacy DTIM.
- This allows the clients theoretically to sleep for hours even days.

## TWT Support in Beacon Element

| HE MAC Capabilities Information: 0x100012080005                             |                    |
|---|--------------------|
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
| 000 = Reserved: 0x0   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
| 000 = Multi-TID Aggregation Support: 0                                      |                    |
| + HE Link Adaptation Support: No feedback if the STA does not provide HE MM | <sup>-</sup> B (0) |
|   |                    |
| 00 = TRS Support: Not supported   |                    |
| = BSR Support: Supported  |                    |
| = Broadcast TWT Support: Not supported                                      |                    |
|   |                    |
| = MU Cascading Support: Not supported                                       |                    |
| 0 0 = Ack-Enabled Aggregation Support: Not supported                        |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
|   |                    |
| 0   |                    |
| 0   |                    |
|   |                    |
| 0   |                    |
| 00  |                    |
| 0   |                    |
| 0 Supported   |                    |
|   |                    |
| 0   |                    |
| 00 0  |                    |
|   |                    |
| 0   |                    |
| 1   |                    |
| 0   |                    |
| .0  |                    |

## The Scheduler

| SNR                  |       |
|----------------------|-------|
| Packet Size          |       |
| Number of Clients    |       |
| Throughput Rates     |       |
| Clients Capabilities | <br>• |
| Buffer Status Report |       |

Many other proprietary inputs



- Small Frame sizes (128-512): Higher possibility of OFDMA
- Large Frame sizes (1024-1500) :Higher possibility of SU or MU MIMO ٠
- High RSSI Values (-35 to -65): Higher possibility of DL MU-MIMO Low RSSI Values (-75 to -90): Higher possibility of OFDMA •
- •